Bioinformatics - From Sequence Expression and Structure

Collection Editor:

Krzysztof Cyran

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Authors:

Krzysztof Cyran Rudy Guerra Marek Kimmel

Online:

< http://cnx.org/content/col10202/1.24/ >

CONNEXIONS

Rice University, Houston, Texas



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Introduction¹

Course roadmap

The novel research-oriented course of bioinformatics called From Sequence to Expression and Structure is organized into three main parts listed below.

Course structure

- 1. Statistical methods for gene expression and gene interaction using DNA-array data as well as other genomic data
- 2. Statistical machine learning techniques for bioinformatics
- 3. Application of computational geometry and robotics techniques to the study of biomolecules and receptor-ligand interactions

Biological cell

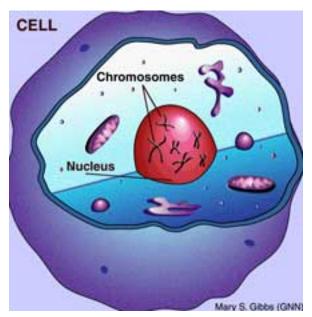


Figure 1: This is a 3 dimensional diagram of the living organism cell

¹This content is available online at http://cnx.org/content/m11106/2.17/.

Statistical methods for gene expression

Multiple gene expression techniques allow simultaneous measurement of expression levels of up to 50,000 genes. These novel methods already are being used to classify human cancers as well as to measure expression changes in experimental conditions. This part of the course introduces the student to the techniques and experiments for obtaining gene expression data, as well as the probabilistic and statistical methods for analysis of such data.

The data generated by large scale parallel hybridization techniques, such as DNA microarrays, constitute a new generation of data requiring novel methods of statistical analysis.

DNA array

RED/GREEN ratio for each spot (corresponding to one gene)it is possible to determine the concen-

This is an enlarged view on a fragment of cDNA microarray. By calculation of the

You can also refer to the comprehensive presentation of the DNA-Microarray technology²

tration of mRNA (gene expression measure) from test and the reference conditions.

 $^{^2} http://www.bio.davidson.edu/courses/genomics/chip/chip.html\\$

Statistical methods for gene expression

1.1 Gene expression - blotting¹

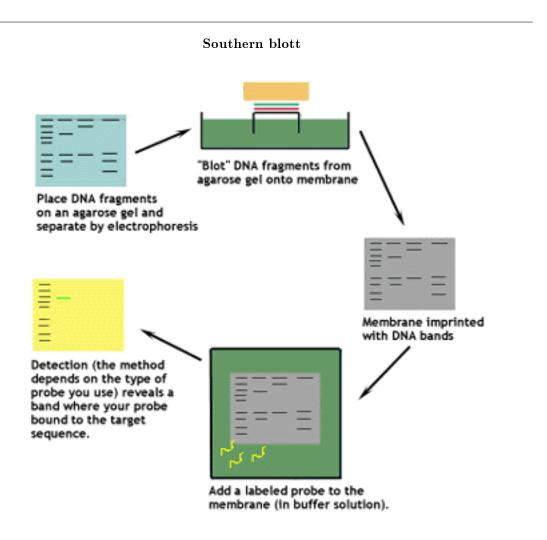


Figure 1.1: Basic steps included in a Southern Blot. Courtesy of Mama Ji Molecular Kitchen web page

¹This content is available online at http://cnx.org/content/m11107/2.6/.

Below there is an example of the table in CNXML

This is a question

head 1	head 2	
value1 1	value1 2	
value21 1	value2 2	

Table 1.1

Exercise 1.1 (Solution on p. 7.)

1.2 DNA Microsatillites Evolution²

Simulated Var vs Variance

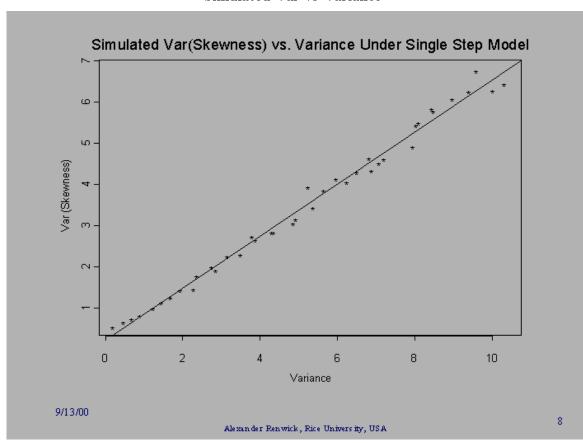


Figure 1.2: Single Step Model

 $^{^2} This \ content \ is \ available \ online \ at \ < http://cnx.org/content/m11110/2.4/>.$

Microsatellites Loci

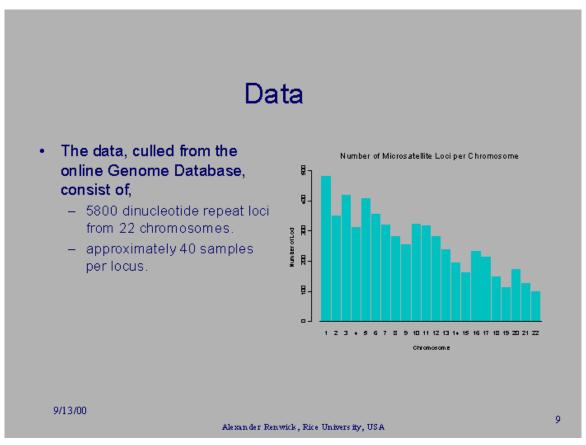


Figure 1.3: Number of Microsatellite Loci per chromosome

Solutions to Exercises in Chapter 1

Solution to Exercise 1.1 (p. 5) Here is the answer

Statistical machine learning

Computational geometry and robotics

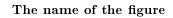
$\mathbf{Template}^{\scriptscriptstyle{1}}$

4.1 The name of the section

The regular paragraph content should be placed here. This paragraph contains also the example of Connextion-based link to course introductory page (Section) as well as the example of the Connextions-external link to Microarray presentation $page^2$.

 $^{^{1}} This \ content \ is \ available \ online \ at \ < http://cnx.org/content/m1117/2.15/>.$

 $^{^2} http://www.bio.davidson.edu/courses/genomics/chip/chip.html \\$



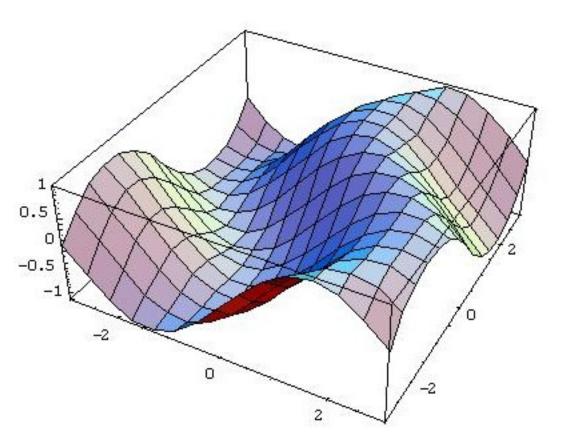


Figure 4.1: The caption of the figure should be here

The name of the list

- item 1
- \bullet item 2
- item 3

```
//the programming code
for (i=0;i<100;i++){
  for (j=i;j<100;j++){
    S[i,j]+=i*j;
  }
}</pre>
```

Definition 4.1: defined term

here is the meaning of the defined term

Example 4.1

The example illustrating the definition. Instead of paragraph a figure can be used as an example

The integral of some function

$$\int_{-1}^{1} \sqrt[3]{\frac{x + \sin(x)}{a^2 + \cos(x)}} dx \tag{4.1}$$

Exercise 4.1

(Solution on p. 16.)

This is a question to be answered by a student

Law 4.1:

Here is the content of the presented law. Can be also expressed by equation

Proof:

The proof of the law. The proof can be also more sophisticated structure than just the paragraph.

The name of the table

header 1	header 2	header 3
value 11	value 12	value 13
value 21	value 22	value 23

Figure 4.2: The table can have not only the general title above, but also the capture, which is just here

Solutions to Exercises in Chapter 4

Solution to Exercise 4.1 (p. 15) And a solution to the question GLOSSARY 17

Glossary

D defined term

here is the meaning of the defined term

18 INDEX

Index of Keywords and Terms

Keywords are listed by the section with that keyword (page numbers are in parentheses). Keywords do not necessarily appear in the text of the page. They are merely associated with that section. Ex. apples, § 1.1 (1) **Terms** are referenced by the page they appear on. Ex. apples, 1

- B bioinformatics, DNA microarrays, gene expression, classification, machine learning, robotics, genetic networks, § (1)
- C CNXML, § 4(13)
- **D** defined term, 15

- **G** gene expression, northern blotting, southern blotting, § 1.1(4)
- M microsatellites, mutation behavior, probabilistic models, § 1.2(5)
- $\begin{array}{cc} \mathbf{T} & \text{tags, } \S \ 4(13) \\ & \text{templates, } \S \ 4(13) \end{array}$

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Bioinformatics - From Sequence Expression and Structure

NOTE: THIS COURSE IS IN PRAPARATION STAGE. AS LONG AS THIS NOTE IS VISIBLE, DO NOT RELY ON THE CONTENT!!!!!!! This is an advanced research-oriented Bioinformatics course: From Sequence to Expressions and Structure

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